Chippewa Valley Schools

Financial Report
with Supplementary Information
June 30, 2024

Chippewa Valley Schools

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Education Chippewa Valley Schools

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Chippewa Valley Schools (the "School District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Chippewa Valley Schools' basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Chippewa Valley Schools as of June 30, 2024 and the respective changes in its financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.



To the Board of Education Chippewa Valley Schools

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Chippewa Valley Schools' basic financial statements. The other supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 23, 2024 on our consideration of Chippewa Valley Schools' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Chippewa Valley Schools' internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Chippewa Valley Schools' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

September 23, 2024

Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section of the annual financial report for Chippewa Valley Schools (the "School District") presents our discussion and analysis of the School District's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2024. Please read it in conjunction with the School District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Using This Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those financial statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Chippewa Valley Schools financially as a whole. The government-wide financial statements provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. The fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term and what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements look at the School District's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the School District's most significant funds, the General Fund, the Cooperative Activities Fund, and the 2018 Building and Site - Series 2 Fund, with all other funds presented in one column as nonmajor funds. This report is composed of the following elements:

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) (Required Supplementary Information)

Basic Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

Fund Financial Statements

Notes to Financial Statements

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Cooperative Activities Fund
Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)
Schedule of Pension Contributions

Schedule of OPEB Contributions

Other Supplementary Information

Reporting the School District as a Whole - Government-wide Financial Statements

One of the most important questions asked about the School District is, "As a whole, what is the School District's financial condition as a result of the year's activities?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities, which appear first in the School District's financial statements, report information on the School District as a whole and its activities in a way that helps you answer this question. We prepare these statements to include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private sector companies. All of the current year's revenue and expenses are taken into account, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net position - the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, as reported in the statement of net position - as one way to measure the School District's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the School District's net position, as reported in the statement of activities, are indicators of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The relationship between revenue and expenses is the School District's operating results. However, the School District's goal is to provide services to our students, not to generate profits as commercial entities do. One must consider many other nonfinancial factors, such as the quality of the education provided and the safety of the schools, to assess the overall health of the School District.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities report the governmental activities for the School District, which encompass all of the School District's services, including instruction, support services, community services, and food services. Property taxes, unrestricted state aid (foundation allowance revenue), and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Reporting the School District's Fund Financial Statements

The School District's fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the School District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by state law and by bond covenants. However, the School District establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (the Cafeteria Fund is an example) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money (such as bond-funded construction funds used for voter-approved capital projects).

Governmental Funds

Governmental fund reporting focuses on showing how money flows into and out of funds and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. They are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the operations of the School District and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School District's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation.

The School District as a Whole

Recall that the statement of net position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. The following table provides a summary of the School District's net position as of June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	Governmental Activities						
	 2024	2023					
	(in million	ns)					
Assets Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 142.0 \$ 359.5	110.3 361.3					
Total assets	501.5	471.6					
Deferred Outflows of Resources	110.5						
Liabilities Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	 33.5 444.4 307.9	33.5 448.9 365.9 20.1					
Total liabilities	785.8	868.4					
Deferred Inflows of Resources	 112.4	83.6					
Net Position (Deficit) Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	 (18.3) 14.1 (282.0)	(35.4) 7.2 (310.6)					
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (286.2) \$	(338.8)					

The above analysis focuses on net position. The change in net position of the School District's governmental activities is discussed below. The School District's net position was \$(286.2) million at June 30, 2024. Net investment in capital assets, totaling \$(18.3) million, compares the original cost, less depreciation of the School District's capital assets, to long-term debt used to finance the acquisition of those assets. Most of the debt will be repaid from voter-approved property taxes collected as the debt service comes due. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the School District's ability to use that net position for day-to-day operations. The remaining amount of net position, \$(282.0) million, was unrestricted.

The \$(282.0) million in unrestricted net position of governmental activities represents the accumulated results of all past years' operations. The unrestricted net position balance enables the School District to meet working capital and cash flow requirements and to provide for future uncertainties. The operating results of the General Fund will have a significant impact on the change in unrestricted net position from year to year.

The results of this year's operations for the School District as a whole are reported in the condensed statement of activities below, which shows the changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	Governmental Activities					
		2024 2023				
		(in millions	3)			
Revenue						
Program revenue:						
Charges for services	\$	8.8 \$	10.9			
Operating grants		84.8	57.5			
General revenue:						
Taxes		55.5	51.8			
State aid not restricted to specific purposes		124.3	118.6			
Other		11.0	8.3			
Total revenue		284.4	247.1			
Expenses						
Instruction		114.4	113.9			
Support services		74.1	71.4			
District child care		1.2	1.0			
Food services		7.2	5.0			
Community services		0.9	1.0			
International Academy		3.3	3.0			
Debt service		14.7	14.0			
Depreciation expense (unallocated)		16.0	15.2			
Total expenses		231.8	224.5			
Change in Net Position		52.6	22.6			
Net Position (Deficit) - Beginning of year		(338.8)	(361.4)			
Net Position (Deficit) - End of year	\$	(286.2)	(338.8)			

As reported in the statement of activities, the cost of all of our governmental activities this year was \$231.8 million. Certain activities were partially funded from those who benefited from the programs (\$8.8 million) or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$84.8 million). We paid for the remaining public benefit portion of our governmental activities with \$55.5 million in taxes, \$124.3 million in state foundation allowance, and other revenue (i.e., interest and general entitlements).

The School District experienced an increase in net position of \$52.6 million. This figure represents the net difference between revenue and function/program expenses.

As discussed above, the net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the State and the School District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Since property taxes for operations and unrestricted state aid constitute the vast majority of district operating revenue sources, the Board of Education and administration must annually evaluate the needs of the School District and balance those needs with state-prescribed available unrestricted resources.

The School District's Funds

As we noted earlier, the School District uses funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. Looking at funds helps the reader consider whether the School District is being accountable for the resources taxpayers and others provide to it and may provide more insight into the School District's overall financial health.

As the School District completed this year, the governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$104.9 million, which is an increase of \$26.0 million from last year. The primary reasons for the increase are as follows:

General Fund - Fund balance increased by \$4.1 million to \$40.9 million.

Special revenue funds - Fund balance increased from \$27.2 million last year to 28.3 million this year. Included in this increase is the major special revenue fund, the Cooperative Activities Fund, which had a balance of \$20.6 million as of June 30, 2024.

2018 Building and Site - Series 1 Fund - Fund balance increased from \$10.1 million last year to \$11.8 million this year.

2018 Building and Site - Series 2 Fund - Fund balance increased by \$18.3 million due to the creation of the fund.

Combined, the fund balance of our debt service funds increased nominally. Millage rates held consistent with the prior year in order to obligate toward debt service payments. Millage rates are determined annually to ensure that the School District accumulates sufficient resources to pay annual bond issue-related debt service. Debt service fund balances are reserved since they can only be used to pay debt service obligations.

Combined, the fund balance of our capital project funds, excluding the 2018 Building and Site - Series 1 Fund and 2018 Building and Site - Series 2 Fund, which is discussed above, remained unchanged from the prior year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the School District will revise its budget as it attempts to deal with unexpected changes in revenue and expenditures. State law requires that the budget be amended to ensure that expenditures do not exceed appropriations. The final amendment to the budget was adopted in May 2024. A schedule showing the School District's original and final budgets compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided in the required supplementary information of these financial statements.

There were significant revisions made to the 2023-2024 General Fund original budget. Budgeted revenue was increased by \$9.2 million due to the net impact of new state and federal grant sources increasing by \$7.3 million, higher than anticipated enrollment figures equating to \$604,000, and special education reimbursement funding increasing revenue by \$1.9 million. Decreased 147c/c(2) funding in the amount of \$937,000 and decreased special education/enhancement millage funding from the MISD in the amount of \$783,000 are also netted against the increases. A budget increase of over \$250,000 was also accounted for in relation to the interest rate earnings environment along with an increase of \$355,000 related to fees for services (preschool, community education, and gate receipts). A summation of various other net increases in revenue sources accounts for the remaining difference.

Budgeted expenditures were also increased by \$9.4 million to \$213.4 million due to net increased costs related to net staffing wage changes for unpaid leaves, retirements, vacancies, and a formula distribution payout of \$2.1 million, grant expenditure increases of \$7.3 million; and \$2.7 million in transfers from the General Fund to support the capital project and student intervention funds. A decrease of \$2.2 million was also factored in for the adjustment of 147c/c(2) and further adjustment of net retirement expenses, along with a decrease of \$372,000 for contracted services. Other, less significant, net decreases to expenditures account for the remaining adjustment.

There were no significant variances between the final budget and actual amounts.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2024, the School District had \$359.5 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, vehicles, furniture, and equipment. This represents a net decrease (including additions, disposals, and depreciation) of approximately \$1.7 million from last year.

	 2024	2023
Land Construction in progress Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment Buses and other vehicles	\$ 16,948,724 \$ 3,202,752 524,490,414 63,115,131 10,262,424	16,948,724 3,263,966 513,569,535 61,648,181 9,430,247
Total capital assets	618,019,445	604,860,653
Less accumulated depreciation	 258,471,188	243,589,970
Total capital assets - Net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 359,548,257 \$	361,270,683

This year's additions of \$14.3 million included necessary purchases of security and technology, buses, and capital project enhancements. Furniture and equipment needs were also met. We present more detailed information about our capital assets in the notes to the financial statements.

Debt

At the end of this year, the School District had \$384.3 million in bonds outstanding versus \$391.0 million in the previous year - a change of 1.7 percent. The outstanding bonds consisted of the following:

	 2024	2023
General obligation bonds	\$ 384.335.000	\$ 391,025,000

The State limits the amount of general obligation debt that schools can issue to 15 percent of the state equalized value of all taxable property within the School District's boundaries. If the School District issues qualified debt (i.e., debt backed by the State of Michigan), such obligations are not subject to this debt limit. The School District's outstanding debt meets the qualified status requirements and is not subject to the general obligation statutorily imposed limit.

In addition, the School District participates in the School Bond Loan Fund and School Loan Revolving Fund, which had approximately \$36.9 million in debt outstanding versus \$35.4 million in the previous year. Other obligations include accrued vacation pay, sick leave, and early retirement incentives. We present more detailed information about our long-term liabilities in the notes to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Our elected officials and administration consider many factors when setting the School District's 2024-2025 fiscal year budget. One of the most important factors affecting the budget is our student count. The state foundation revenue is determined by multiplying the blended student count by the foundation allowance per pupil. The 2024-2025 budget was adopted in June 2024 based on an estimate of students who will enroll in September 2024. The vast majority of General Fund revenue is from the foundation allowance. Under state law, the School District cannot access additional property tax revenue for general operations. At this time, it is difficult to know if the estimates used in creating the 2024-2025 budget will be close to the actual enrollment figures.

Since the School District's revenue is heavily dependent on state funding and the health of the State's School Aid Fund, the actual revenue received depends on the State's ability to collect revenue to fund its appropriation to the School District. The state school aid budget for the upcoming school year has extended the investments to address more equitable categorical funds while introducing a new categorical that is meant to financially represent an implicit reduction to the retirement contribution rate.

Chippewa Valley Schools

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The school aid budget was not approved until July 2024, and the School District must have its 2024-2025 budget approved prior to the end of June 2024. Utilizing the best information available at the time, the School District's 2024-2025 budget was developed with assumptions of a \$250 per pupil increase to the foundation allowance. We now know there was no per pupil increase in the final state school aid budget but instead a new categorical for 2024-2025 that provides roughly a 4 percent increase to funding in lieu of a per pupil foundation allowance increase. Necessary budgetary adjustments will be made appropriately throughout the upcoming fiscal year as more changes and assumptions become known.

Labor agreements are currently in effect through June 30, 2026, which provides great stability and certainty for both the School District and its employees. Most recently, the School District proudly passed an operating millage renewal of 18 mills, which allows the School District to continue receiving revenue at the full per pupil foundation allowance permitted by the State. The operating millage renewal will continue to benefit our students, families, and entire community for years to come.

Contacting the School District's Management

This financial report is intended to provide our taxpayers, parents, and investors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the business office.

Statement of Net Position

	June 30, 2024
	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and investments (Note 4)	\$ 41,073,338
Receivables:	450.040
Other receivables Due from other governments	153,213 34,697,584
Inventory	148,926
Prepaid expenses and other assets	2,272,840
Restricted assets (Note 4)	58,286,352
Net OPEB asset (Note 10)	5,399,789
Capital assets - Net (Note 6)	359,548,257
Total assets	501,580,299
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred charges on bond refunding (Note 8)	2,608,149
Deferred pension costs (Note 10)	88,226,282
Deferred OPEB costs (Note 10)	19,631,419
Total deferred outflows of resources	110,465,850
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	2,685,399
Accrued liabilities and other Unearned revenue (Note 5)	22,071,617 8,775,996
Noncurrent liabilities:	0,773,990
Due within one year (Note 8)	32,212,116
Due in more than one year (Note 8)	412,247,628
Net pension liability (Note 10)	307,864,304
Total liabilities	785,857,060
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred benefit on bond refunding (Note 8)	2,496,120
Revenue in support of pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement	10 712 010
date (Note 10) Deferred pension cost reductions (Note 10)	18,713,042 45,065,525
Deferred OPEB cost reductions (Note 10)	46,162,970
Total deferred inflows of resources	112,437,657
Net Position (Deficit) Net investment in capital assets	(18,293,232)
Restricted:	(10,200,202)
Capital projects	7,792,678
Special revenue	566,977
Debt service	292,623
Net OPEB asset	5,399,789
Unrestricted	(282,007,403)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (286,248,568)

Statement of Activities

	Expenses	Program Charges for Services	Governmental Activities Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
Function of Ducomons			Contributions	
Functions/Programs Primary government - Governmental				
activities:				
Instruction	\$ 114,431,145	\$ -	\$ 45,977,432	\$ (68,453,713)
Support services	74,105,589	916,889	30,071,271	(43,117,429)
Food services	7,232,594	692,289	8,421,469	1,881,164
Community services	919,136	2,293,641	313,083	1,687,588
Interdistrict payments	15,000	-	-	(15,000)
International Academy	3,321,601	3,613,731	-	292,130
District child care	1,178,061	1,300,289	-	122,228
Interest	14,453,128	-	-	(14,453,128)
Other debt costs	271,581	-	-	(271,581)
Depreciation expense (unallocated)	15,893,447			(15,893,447)
Total primary government	<u>\$ 231,821,282</u>	\$ 8,816,839	\$ 84,783,255	(138,221,188)
	General revenue	e (expense):		
	Taxes:	- (-/.p).		
	Property	taxes levied for	general	
	purpose			16,312,397
	Property	taxes levied for	debt service	39,178,432
	State aid not	restricted to spe	ecific purposes	124,333,247
		investment earn		5,296,263
		terest, and other		96,464
		of capital asset	S	(169,926)
	Other			5,753,932
		Total general re	evenue	
		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	190,800,809	
	Change in Net	Position		52,579,621
	Net Position (D	eficit) - Beginni	ng of year	(338,828,189)
	Net Position (D	eficit) - End of	year	\$(286,248,568)

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet

June 30, 2024

										•
						018 Building				Total
	_			Cooperative	_	and Site -		Nonmajor	G	overnmental
	G	eneral Fund	A	ctivities Fund	<u>S</u>	eries 2 Fund	_	Funds	_	Funds
Assets										
Cash and investments (Note 4)	\$	12,572,601	\$	20,454,070	\$	-	\$	8,046,667	\$	41,073,338
Receivables: Other receivables		153,213								153,213
Due from other governments		34,697,584		_		_		_		34,697,584
Due from other funds (Note 7)		852,295		_		304,753		946.225		2,103,273
Inventory		48,210		_		-		100,716		148,926
Prepaid expenses		2,152,095		120,745		_		-		2,272,840
Restricted assets (Note 4)		21,765,201		-		19,463,961		17,057,190		58,286,352
1100110100 000010 (11010 1)	_		_		_		_			
Total assets	\$	72,241,199	\$	20,574,815	<u>\$</u>	19,768,714	<u>\$</u>	26,150,798	\$	138,735,526
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	1.232.221	\$	_	\$	1,453,114	\$	64	\$	2,685,399
Due to other funds (Note 7)	Ψ	1,250,978	Ψ	_	Ψ	-	Ψ	852,295	Ψ	2,103,273
Accrued liabilities and other		20,241,292		_		_		-		20,241,292
Unearned revenue (Note 5)		8,650,319		_		_		125,677		8,775,996
Total liabilities		31,374,810				1,453,114		978,036		33,805,960
Total liabilities		31,374,010		_		1,400,114		970,030		33,003,900
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable:										
Inventory		48,210		- -		-		100,716		148,926
Prepaid expenses		2,152,095		120,745		-		-		2,272,840
Restricted:										
Debt service		-		-		-		2,122,948		2,122,948
Capital projects		-		-		18,315,600		15,317,912		33,633,512
Food service International Academy		-		- 566,977		-		4,319,562		4,319,562 566,977
Committed:		-		300,911		-		-		300,911
Accumulated employment obligation		2,050,101								2.050.101
Student Intervention Program		2,030,101		19,887,093		_		<u>-</u>		19,887,093
Student/School activities		_		-		_		2,383,370		2,383,370
Child care activities		_		_		_		928,254		928,254
Unassigned		36,615,983		_		_		-		36,615,983
Total fund balances		40,866,389		20,574,815		18,315,600		25,172,762		104,929,566
		•		•	_		_	•		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	72,241,199	\$	20,574,815	\$	19,768,714	\$	26,150,798	\$	138,735,526

Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2024

Fund Balances Reported in Governmental Funds	\$ 104,929,566
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds:	
Cost of capital assets Accumulated depreciation	 618,019,445 (258,471,188)
Net capital assets used in governmental activities	359,548,257
Deferred inflows and outflows related to bond refundings are not reported in the funds	112,029
Bonds payable are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds	(440,335,769)
Accrued interest is not due and payable in the current period and is not reported in the funds	(1,830,325)
Some employee fringe benefits are payable over a long period of years and do not represent a claim on current financial resources; therefore, they are not reported as fund liabilities:	
Employee compensated absences	(2,050,101)
Early termination incentive obligations Provision for health and/or workers' compensation claims not accounted for within	(1,819,080)
the internal service fund	(254,794)
Net pension liability and related deferred inflows and outflows Retiree health care benefits	(264,703,547)
	(21,131,762)
Revenue in support of pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date is reported as a deferred inflow of resources in the statement of net position and is not reported in the funds	(18,713,042)
Net Position (Deficit) of Governmental Activities	\$ (286,248,568)

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

	General Fund	Cooperative Activities Fund	Formerly Major 2018 Building and Site - Series 1 Fund	2018 Building and Site - Series 2 Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenue Local sources State sources Federal sources Interdistrict	\$ 21,256,171 172,982,076 7,494,467 11,156,094	-	\$ - - - -	\$ 1,003,850 - - -	\$ 48,690,838 3,904,247 6,670,690	\$ 71,840,596 176,886,323 14,165,157 14,769,825
Total revenue	212,888,808	4,503,468	-	1,003,850	59,265,775	277,661,901
Expenditures Current: Instruction Support services Food services Community services International Academy District child care Debt service: Principal Interest Other debt costs Capital outlay Interdistrict payments	126,534,196 75,093,339 - 856,919 - - - - 1,675,564 15,000	433,533 - - 3,321,601 - - - - 136,177	- - - - - - - -	- - - - - - 156,093 8,592,050	5,730,938 7,695,052 162,461 - 1,178,061 26,705,000 14,634,048 109,371 4,998,787	127,938,959 81,257,810 7,695,052 1,019,380 3,321,601 1,178,061 26,705,000 14,634,048 265,464 15,402,578 15,000
Total expenditures	204,175,018	5,296,074		8,748,143	61,213,718	279,432,953
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	8,713,790	(792,606)	-	(7,744,293)	(1,947,943)	(1,771,052)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Face value of debt issued Premium on debt issued School Bond Loan Revolving Fund proceeds (Note 8) Transfers in (Note 7) See notes to financial statements.	- - \$ 1,770,142	- - \$ 2,427,909 14	- - \$ -	23,755,000 2,304,893 - \$ -	17,400,000 1,446,311 1,560,064 4,000,000	41,155,000 3,751,204 1,560,064 \$ 8,198,051

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued)

	G	eneral Fund		Cooperative Activities Fund	2	ormerly Major 2018 Building d Site - Series 1 Fund	2018 Building d Site - Series 2 Fund	<u>Nc</u>	onmajor Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Payment to bond refunding escrow agent Transfers out (Note 7)	\$	- (6,427,909)	\$	- (1,116,432)	\$	-	\$ -	\$	(18,649,997) (653,710)	\$	(18,649,997) (8,198,051)
Total other financing (uses) sources		(4,657,767)	_	1,311,477	_		 26,059,893		5,102,668		27,816,271
Net Change in Fund Balances		4,056,023		518,871		-	18,315,600		3,154,725		26,045,219
Fund Balances - Beginning of year, as previously reported		36,810,366		20,055,944		10,142,860	-		11,875,177		78,884,347
Change within Financial Reporting Entity (Note 2)		_				(10,142,860)	 		10,142,860		
Fund Balances - Beginning of year, as adjusted or restated		36,810,366		20,055,944			 		22,018,037		78,884,347
Fund Balances - End of year	\$	40,866,389	\$	20,574,815	\$		\$ 18,315,600	\$	25,172,762	\$	104,929,566

Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

Net Change in Fund Balances Reported in Governmental Funds	\$	26,045,219
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation: Capitalized capital outlay Depreciation expense Net book value of assets disposed of		14,340,947 (15,893,447) (169,926)
Revenue in support of pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	;	6,908,928
Issuing debt, net of premiums and discounts, provides current financial resources to governmental funds but increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position		43,346,140
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces long-term debt); amortization of premium/discounts and inflows/outflows related to bond refundings are not expenses in the governmental funds		(44,514,718)
Interest expense is recognized in the government-wide statements as it accrues		232,110
Some employee costs (pension, OPEB, and compensated absences) do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds		22,284,368
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	52,579,621

Note 1 - Nature of Business

Chippewa Valley Schools (the "School District") is a school district in the state of Michigan that provides educational services to students.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies

Accounting and Reporting Principles

The School District follows accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), as applicable to governmental units. Accounting and financial reporting pronouncements are promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the School District:

Reporting Entity

The School District is governed by an elected seven-member Board of Education. In accordance with government accounting principles, there are no separate legal entities appropriate to be reported within these financial statements.

Report Presentation

Governmental accounting principles require that financial reports include two different perspectives - the government-wide perspective and the fund-based perspective. The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units, as applicable. The government-wide financial statements are presented on the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. The statements also present a schedule reconciling these amounts to the modified accrual-based presentation found in the fund-based statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenue. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenue includes: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided and (2) operating grants and contributions. Taxes, unrestricted intergovernmental receipts, and other items not properly included among program revenue are reported instead as general revenue.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from the government-wide financial statements.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds (if applicable), even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds, if any, are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Accounting

The School District accounts for its various activities in several different funds in order to demonstrate accountability for how it spends certain resources; separate funds allow the School District to show the particular expenditures for which specific revenue is used. The various funds are aggregated into the following broad fund type:

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds include all activities that provide general governmental services that are not business-type activities. Governmental funds can include the General Fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, capital project funds, and permanent funds. The School District reports the following funds as major governmental funds:

- The General Fund is the primary operating fund because it accounts for all financial resources used to provide government services other than those specifically assigned to another fund.
- The Cooperative Activities Fund combines the International Academy and Student Intervention Program. The fund's purpose is to account for the revenue and expenditures for operating a countywide International Academy, as well as operating the School District's Student Intervention Program. Its primary revenue sources are tuition from other school districts, a portion of the School District's non-homestead tax millage, and the county-wide enhancement millage revenue.
- The 2018 Building and Site Series 2 Fund is a capital projects fund that is used to record bond
 proceeds or other revenue and the disbursement of invoices specifically designated for acquiring new
 school sites, buildings, and equipment; technology upgrades; and remodeling and repairs, in
 accordance with the related bond issue.

Additionally, the School District reports the following nonmajor governmental fund types:

- Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes. The School District's nonmajor special revenue funds are the Cafeteria, District Child Care, and Student/School Activities funds. Revenue sources for the Cafeteria Fund include sales to customers and dedicated grants from federal sources. Revenue sources for the Student/School Activities Fund include fundraising revenue and donations earned and received by student groups. Revenue sources for the District Child Care program include fees charged for attendance at the School District's child care locations. Any operating deficit generated by these activities is the responsibility of the General Fund.
- Capital project funds are used to record bond proceeds or other revenue and the disbursement of
 invoices specifically designated for acquiring new school sites, buildings, and equipment; technology
 upgrades; and remodeling and repairs. The funds operate until the purpose for which they were
 created is accomplished.
- Debt service funds are used to record tax, interest, and other revenue for payment of interest, principal, and other expenditures on long-term debt.

The School District does not have any internal service funds.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Interfund Activity

During the course of operations, the School District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column.

Furthermore, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column.

Basis of Accounting

The governmental funds use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is intended to better demonstrate accountability for how the School District has spent its resources.

Expenditures are reported when the goods are received or the services are rendered. Capital outlays are reported as expenditures (rather than as capital assets) because they reduce the ability to spend resources in the future; conversely, employee benefit costs that will be funded in the future (such as pension and retiree health care-related costs or sick and vacation pay) are not counted until they come due for payment. In addition, debt service expenditures, claims, and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Revenue is not recognized until it is collected or collected soon enough after the end of the year that it is available to pay for obligations outstanding at the end of the year. For this purpose, the School District considers amounts collected within 60 days of year end to be available for recognition. Revenue not meeting this definition is classified as a deferred inflow of resources.

Fiduciary funds, if applicable, use the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Specific Balances and Transactions

Cash and Investments

Cash and investments include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of nine months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value except for investments in external investment pools, which are valued at amortized cost.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased. Inventories accounted for using the purchase method are recorded as expenditures when purchased and include all inventories of governmental funds other than commodities within the Cafeteria Fund. Inventories accounted for using the consumption method are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased and include commodities within the Cafeteria Fund. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements, when applicable.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Restricted Assets

The following amounts are reported as restricted assets:

- Unspent bond proceeds and related interest of the bonded capital projects funds required to be set aside for construction or other allowable bond purchases
- Unspent property taxes levied held in the debt service funds required to be set aside for future bond principal and interest payments

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, equipment, and vehicles, are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the School District as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year, except for computer purchases, which are deemed capital assets at a minimum purchase price of \$500. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Depreciable Life - Years
Buildings and improvements	20 to 50
Furniture and equipment	5 to 20
Buses and other vehicles	7

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bond using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed at the time they are incurred. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond issuances and premiums as other financing sources and bond discounts as other financing uses. The General Fund and debt service funds are generally used to liquidate governmental long-term debt.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

The School District reports deferred outflows related to deferred pension and OPEB costs and deferred refunding charges related to bonds.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The School District reports deferred inflows related to revenue in support of pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date, deferred pension and OPEB plan cost reductions, and deferred refunding charges related to bonds.

Net Position

Net position of the School District is classified in three components. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and is reduced by the current balances of any outstanding borrowings used to finance the purchase or construction of those assets. The restricted component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Unrestricted net position is the remaining net position that does not meet the definition of invested in capital or restricted.

Net Position Flow Assumption

The School District will sometimes fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the School District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

The School District will sometimes fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the School District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Furthermore, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The nonspendable fund balance component represents amounts that are not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balance represents amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation for use for a specific purpose. The School District itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School District's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Education is the highest level of decision-making authority for the School District that can, by passing a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once passed, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the passing of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The School District has, by resolution, authorized the assistant superintendent of business services and operations to assign fund balance. The Board of Education may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally exist only temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

Property Tax Revenue

Property taxes are assessed as of December 31, and the related property taxes become a lien on December 1 of the following year. These taxes are billed on July 1. Taxes are considered delinquent on March 1 of the following year. At this time, penalties and interest are assessed and the total obligation is added to the county tax rolls. The School District considers all receivables to be fully collectible; accordingly, no allowance for uncollectible amounts is recorded.

Grants and Contributions

The School District receives federal, state, and local grants, as well as contributions from individuals and private organizations. Revenue from grants and contributions (including contributions of capital assets) is recognized when all eligibility requirements, including time requirements, are met. Grants and contributions may be restricted for either specific operating purposes or for capital purposes. Amounts that are unrestricted or that are restricted to a specific operating purpose are reported as nonoperating revenue. Amounts restricted to capital acquisitions are reported after nonoperating revenue and expenses.

Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans

For the purpose of measuring the net pension liability and net OPEB (asset) liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to each plan, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) and additions to/deductions from the MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPSERS. MPSERS uses the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Contribution revenue is recorded as contributions are due, pursuant to legal requirements. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized as expenses when due and payable in accordance with the plan benefit terms. Related plan investments are reported at fair value.

Compensated Absences (Vacation and Sick Leave)

It is the School District's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused sick and vacation pay benefits. Sick and vacation pay are accrued for the estimated amount that the School District will pay upon employment termination. Both of these are reported in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only for employee terminations as of year end. Generally, the funds that report each employee's compensation are used to liquidate the obligations.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Accounting Changes

Changes to or within the Financial Reporting Entity

Change in Major Funds

2018 Building and Site - Series 1 Fund was previously reported as a major fund but is now reported as a nonmajor fund for fiscal year 2024. The effects of this change in major funds is shown in the table that follows.

Adjustments to and Restatements of Beginning Balances

During fiscal year 2024, the changes noted above resulted in adjustments to and restatements of beginning fund balance as follows:

	Jı	une 30, 2023			J	une 30, 2023
	Α	As Previously Reported		Change to or within the Financial Reporting Entity		As Restated
Governmental funds: Major funds:						
General Fund Cooperative Activities Fund Formerly Major - 2018 Building and Site -	\$	36,810,366 20,055,944	\$	-	\$	36,810,366 20,055,944
Series 1 Fund Nonmajor funds		10,142,860 11,875,177	. <u></u>	(10,142,860) 10,142,860		- 22,018,037
Total governmental funds	\$	78,884,347	\$	-	\$	78,884,347

Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2022, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, which updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences under a unified model. This statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for leave that has not been used and leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means and establishes guidance for measuring a liability for leave that has not been used. It also updates disclosure requirements for compensated absences. The provisions of this statement are effective for the School District's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2025.

In December 2023, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*, which requires governments to assess whether a concentration or constraint makes the government vulnerable to the risk of a substantial impact. It also requires governments to assess whether an event or events associated with a concentration or constraint that could cause the substantial impact have occurred, have begun to occur, or are more likely than not to begin to occur within 12 months of the date of the financial statements are issued. If certain criteria are met for a concentration or constraint, disclosures are required in the notes to the financial statements. The provisions of this statement are effective for the School District's financial statements for the year ending March 31, 2026.

In April 2024, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*, which establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements, or modifies existing requirements, related to the following: management's discussion and analysis; unusual or infrequent items; presentation of the proprietary fund statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in fund net position; information about major component units in basic financial statements; budgetary comparison information; and financial trends information in the statistical section. The provisions of this statement are effective for the School District's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2026.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Subsequent Events

The financial statements and related disclosures include evaluation of events up through and including September 23, 2024, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 3 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles and state law for the General Fund and all special revenue funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The budget document presents information by fund and function (or fund, function, and object). The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the function (or object) level. State law requires the School District to have its budget in place by July 1. Expenditures in excess of amounts budgeted are a violation of Michigan law. State law permits districts to amend their budgets during the year. The required supplementary information - budgetary comparison schedule is presented on the same basis of accounting used to prepare the budget, which includes certain items having classifications that differ from the statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. During the year, the budget was amended in a legally permissible manner. The School District increased budgeted amounts during the year in response to additional funding.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders or contracts) are not tracked during the year. Budget appropriations are considered to be spent once the goods are delivered or the services rendered.

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds

The School District did not have significant expenditure budget variances.

Capital Projects Fund Compliance

The 2018 Building and Site - Series 2 Fund includes capital project activities funded with bonds. For these capital projects, the School District has complied with the applicable provisions of §1351a of the State of Michigan School Code.

The capital project funds for the 2018 Building and Site - Series 1 Fund and for the 2005 Building and Site Fund include capital project activities funded with bonds issued after May 1, 1994. For these capital projects, the projects for which the bonds were issued were considered complete during a prior period, and the School District has completed the required reporting to the Michigan Department of Treasury.

Note 4 - Deposits and Investments

State statutes and the School District's investment policy authorize the School District to make deposits in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have offices in Michigan. The School District is allowed to invest in U.S. Treasury or agency obligations, U.S. government repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, certificates of deposit, commercial paper rated prime at the time of purchase that matures no more than 270 days after the date of purchase, mutual funds, and investment pools that are composed of authorized investment vehicles. The School District's deposits and investments are in accordance with statutory authority.

The School District has designated 14 banks for the deposit of its funds.

There are no limitations or restrictions on participant withdrawals for the investment pools that are recorded at amortized cost, except for a 1-day minimum investment period on MILAF cash management funds and a 14-day redemption limitation on MILAF MAX Class funds.

Note 4 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The School District's cash and investments are subject to several types of risk, which are examined in more detail below:

Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District's investment policy states that financial institutions be evaluated and only those with acceptable risk levels be used for the School District's deposits. At year end, the School District had bank deposits of \$25,619,125 (certificates of deposit and checking and savings accounts) that were uninsured and uncollateralized.

Custodial Credit Risk of Investments

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District's investment policy states that custodial credit risk will be minimized by limiting investments to the types of securities allowed by state law. At June 30, 2024, the School District does not have investments with custodial credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates. The School District's investment policy minimizes interest rate risk by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market; investing operating funds, primarily in the shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools; and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the School District's cash requirements. The School District's investment policy does not restrict investment maturities other than commercial paper, which can only be purchased with a 270-day maturity.

At year end, the School District had the following investments:

Investment	C;	arrying Value	Maturity Date
Primary Government			
MILAF Term Series	\$	21,762,128	2/28/2025

Credit Risk

State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The School District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. As of June 30, 2024, the credit quality ratings of debt securities (other than the U.S. government) are as follows:

Investment	С	arrying Value	Rating	Rating Organization
MILAF Term Series Comerica J Fund bank investment pool MILAF bank investment pool	\$	21,762,128 22,833,203 31,917,967	AAAm Not Rated AAAm	S&P S&P
Total	\$	76,513,298	AAAIII	Jar

Concentration of Credit Risk

The School District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. At June 30, 2024, the School District does not have any investments subject to concentration of credit risk.

Note 4 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that an investment denominated in the currency of a foreign country could reduce its U.S. dollar value as a result of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. State law and the School District's investment policy prohibit investments in foreign currency.

Fair Value Measurements

The School District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets, Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs, and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below.

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The School District's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset.

The valuation method for investments measured at net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) is discussed below.

Investments in Entities That Calculate Net Asset Value per Share

The School District holds shares in the Michigan Liquid Asset Fund (MILAF) Term Series where the fair value of the investment held is estimated based on net asset value per share (or its equivalent) of the investment pool as a practical expedient.

As of June 30, 2024, the net asset value of the School District's investment in the MILAF Term Series was \$21,762,128. The investment pool had no unfunded commitments. The MILAF Term Series allows for the School District to set a specific redemption date set upon initiation of investment. Early redemptions are permitted; however, an early redemption fee would apply.

The MILAF Term Series includes investments that the School District does not control. The investment pool invests primarily in high-quality money market instruments, including certificates of deposit, commercial paper, and U.S. government and agency obligations, to protect the investment principal and provide liquidity.

Note 5 - Unavailable/Unearned Revenue

Governmental funds report unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that is not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also report unearned revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned.

At June 30, 2024, the School District had \$8,775,996 of unearned revenue, of which \$8,650,319 related to grants received and tuition payments received but not yet earned and \$125,677 related to deposits received for the subsequent year's food service program.

Note 6 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the School District's governmental activities was as follows:

Governmental Activities

	Balance July 1, 2023	Reclassifications	Additions	Disposals and Adjustments	Balance June 30, 2024
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 16,948,724 3,263,966		\$ - 3,004,367	\$ - 	\$ 16,948,724 3,202,752
Subtotal	20,212,690	(3,065,581)	3,004,367	-	20,151,476
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment Buses and other vehicles	513,569,535 61,648,181 9,430,247	-	7,855,298 2,649,105 832,177	(1,182,155) 	524,490,414 63,115,131 10,262,424
Subtotal	584,647,963	3,065,581	11,336,580	(1,182,155)	597,867,969
Accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment Buses and other vehicles	198,036,405 39,675,341 5,878,224	-	10,317,554 5,048,498 527,395	- (1,012,229) 	208,353,959 43,711,610 6,405,619
Subtotal	243,589,970		15,893,447	(1,012,229)	258,471,188
Net capital assets being depreciated	341,057,993	3,065,581	(4,556,867)	(169,926)	339,396,781
Net governmental activities capital assets	\$ 361,270,683	\$ -	\$ (1,552,500)	\$ (169,926)	\$ 359,548,257

Depreciation expense was not charged to activities, as the School District's assets benefit multiple activities and allocation is not practical.

Construction Commitments

The School District has an active construction project at year end related to the 2018 Building and Site - Series 2 bond issue. At year end, the School District's commitments with contractors are as follows:

	S	pent to Date	Remaining Commitment
Building renovations	\$	44,789,297	\$ 5,069,256

Note 7 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances is as follows:

Fund Due From						
Fund Due To	G	General Fund		major Funds	Total	
General Fund 2018 Building and Site - Series 2 Fund Nonmajor funds	\$	- 304,753 946,225	\$	852,295 - -	\$	852,295 304,753 946,225
Total	\$	1,250,978	\$	852,295	\$	2,103,273

Note 7 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers (Continued)

These balances result from the time lag between the dates that goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and payments between funds are made.

The General Fund transferred \$1,177,909 to the International Academy Fund to cover the School District's tuition owed to the International Academy.

The International Academy transferred \$1,116,432 to the General Fund to reimburse the School District for staff working at the International Academy and other expenditures.

The General Fund transferred \$4,000,000 to the 2018 Building and Site - Series 1 Fund to supplement building projects that the current bond funding would not have been able to support.

The District Child Care Fund transferred \$253,710 to the General Fund to pay back the General Fund for transfers made in prior years to keep the fund from operating at a deficit.

The Cafeteria Fund transferred \$400,000 to the General Fund for indirect costs.

The General Fund transferred \$1,250,000 to the Student Intervention Program Fund to supplement current and upcoming projects for the fund to remain sustainable.

Note 8 - Long-term Debt

Long-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2024 can be summarized as follows:

	_	Beginning Balance	_	Additions	_	Reductions	<u>E</u>	nding Balance	Du	ie within One Year
Bonds payable: Direct borrowings and direct placements - School Bond Loan Fund and School Loan										
Revolving Fund	\$	35,365,023	\$	1,560,064	\$	-	\$	36,925,087	\$	-
Other debt - General obligation		391,025,000		41,155,000		(47,845,000)		384,335,000		28,565,000
Unamortized bond premiums		17,121,819		3,751,204		(1,797,341)		19,075,682		1,797,341
Total bonds payable		443,511,842		46,466,268		(49,642,341)		440,335,769		30,362,341
Compensated absences		2,151,036		375,132		(476,067)		2,050,101		235,186
Claims and judgments		310,205		228,817		(284,228)		254,794		254,794
Early termination obligation		2,933,655		234,500		(1,349,075)		1,819,080		1,359,795
Total governmental activities long-term	•	449 006 729	Ф.	47 204 717	¢.	(51.751.711)	¢.	444 450 744	<u></u>	22 242 446
debt	<u>\$</u>	448,906,738	\$	47,304,717	\$	(51,751,711)	<u>Ф</u>	444,459,744	\$	32,212,116

The School District had deferred outflows of \$2,608,149 and deferred inflows of \$(2,496,120) related to deferred charges (benefit) on bond refundings at June 30, 2024.

Note 8 - Long-term Debt (Continued)

General Obligation Bonds and Contracts

The School District issues general obligation bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligations have been issued for governmental activities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the School District. The School District's qualified bonds are fully guaranteed by the State of Michigan. The primary source of any required repayment is from the School District's property tax levy; however, the State of Michigan may withhold the School District's state aid funding in order to recover amounts it has paid on behalf of the School District. General obligations outstanding at June 30, 2024 are as follows:

Purpose	Remaining Annual Installments	Interest Rates - Percent	Maturing May 1	(Outstanding
2015 Refunding Series A 2016 Refunding Series A 2016 Refunding Series B 2018 Building and Site - Series 1 2019 Refunding 2020 Debt Refunding 2021 Refunding	\$3,975,000 - \$9,730,000 \$3,485,000 - \$3,675,000 \$1,660,000 - \$4,255,000 \$1,450,000 - \$4,425,000 \$2,000,000 - \$22,450,000 \$2,895,000 - \$19,100,000 \$10,500,000 - \$10,855,000	3.13 to 5.00 2.75 to 5.00 5.00 5.00 1.92 to 2.59 0.64 to 2.08 2.06 to 2.26	2027 2035 2027 2043 2032 2034 2033	\$	23,260,000 39,420,000 10,160,000 55,675,000 96,425,000 87,225,000 32,015,000
2023 Building & Site & Refunding Total governmental activities	\$1,075,000 - \$5,835,000	5.00	2043	\$	40,155,000

Other Long-term Liabilities

Compensated absences attributable to the governmental activities will be liquidated primarily by the General Fund. The claims and judgments liability will generally be liquidated through the School District's General Fund. That fund will finance the payment of those claims by charging the other funds based on management's assessment of the relative insurance risk that should be assumed by individual funds. The net pension liability will be liquidated from the funds from which the individual employee's salaries are paid, generally the General Fund and the Cafeteria Fund.

The School District has two long-term voluntary retirement incentive programs. The first calls for a total payout of \$619,080 through June 2025, to be paid in monthly installments of \$335 per person. The second calls for a total payout of \$2,400,000 through June 2025, to be paid at a rate of \$1,200,000 per year. The first payment was made during 2024.

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above bonds and note obligations are as follows:

	Governmental Activities							
		Othe	r De	bt				
Years Ending June 30		Principal	_	Interest	_	Total		
2025	\$	28,565,000	\$	12,822,599	\$	41,387,599		
2026		29,790,000		11,617,468		41,407,468		
2027		33,125,000		10,437,701		43,562,701		
2028		34,160,000		9,425,254		43,585,254		
2029		35,255,000		8,384,938		43,639,938		
2030-2034		172,730,000		27,170,440		199,900,440		
2035-2039		27,530,000		9,670,250		37,200,250		
2040-2043		23,180,000	_	2,950,250		26,130,250		
Total	\$	384,335,000	\$	92,478,900	\$	476,813,900		

Note 8 - Long-term Debt (Continued)

School Loan Revolving Fund

The School Loan Revolving Fund payable represents a direct borrowing from the State of Michigan for loans made to the School District, as authorized by the 1963 State of Michigan Constitution, for the purpose of paying principal and interest on general obligation bonds of the School District issued for capital expenditures. Interest rates are to be annually determined by the State Administrative Board in accordance with Section 9 of Act No. 92 of the Public Acts of 2005 (the "Act"), as amended. The School Loan Revolving Fund is accessible to school districts for borrowings that initiated after July 19, 2005. Interest during the year increased from 4.11 percent as of July 1, 2023 to 4.56 percent as of June 30, 2024. Repayment begins as soon as annual tax collections exceed annual debt service payment requirements. The predetermined mandatory final loan repayment date is May 1, 2040. If the School District fails to levy the appropriate debt mills in accordance with the agreement or defaults in loan repayment, the School District shall increase its debt levy in the next succeeding year, and a default late charge of 3 percent will apply. Due to the variability of the factors that affect the timing of repayment, including the future amount of state equalized value of property in the School District, no provision for repayment has been included in the above debt maturity schedule. If the School District is in default of the loan agreement, the State of Michigan may withhold state aid funding until repayment terms satisfactory to the State of Michigan have been made.

Current Bond Refunding

During the year, the School District issued \$17 million in general obligation bonds with an average interest rate of 5 percent. The net proceeds of these bonds (after payment of \$202,431 in underwriting fees, insurance, and other issuance costs) were used to purchase \$21 million of outstanding 2020 Refunding bonds with an average interest rate of 1.45 percent pursuant to a tender offer. The portion of the 2020 Refunding Bonds purchased under the tender offer were canceled and are no longer outstanding. As a result, the liability for the bonds has been removed from long-term debt. The refunding reduced total debt service payments over the next 11 years by approximately \$952,000, which represents an economic gain of approximately \$845,500.

Note 9 - Risk Management

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The School District has purchased commercial insurance for all claims except workers' compensation and dental. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. For dental, claims are limited to various maximum amounts, which depend on employee contractual groups.

The School District estimates the liability for workers' compensation claims that have been incurred through the end of the fiscal year, including claims that have been reported, as well as those that have not yet been reported. Changes in the estimated liability for the past two fiscal years were as follows:

	 2024		2023
Estimated liability - Beginning of year Estimated claims incurred, including changes in estimates Claim payments	\$ 310,205 228,817 (284,228)	•	49,725 480,412 (219,932)
Estimated liability - End of year	\$ 254,794	\$	310,205

Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description

The School District participates in the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (the "System"), a statewide, cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system governed by the State of Michigan that covers substantially all employees of the School District. Certain school district employees also receive defined contribution retirement and health care benefits through the System. The System provides retirement, survivor, and disability benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. The System also provides postemployment health care benefits to retirees and beneficiaries who elect to receive those benefits.

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS). The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the pension and postemployment health care plans. That report is available on the web at http://www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit (DB) pension plan and the postemployment health care plan are established by state statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit pension plan and the postemployment health care plan.

Depending on the plan option selected, member retirement benefits are calculated as final average compensation times years of services times a pension factor ranging from 1.25 percent to 1.50 percent. The requirements to retire range from attaining the age of 46 to 60 with years of service ranging from 5 to 30 years, depending on when the employee became a member. Early retirement is computed in the same manner as a regular pension but is permanently reduced by 0.50 percent for each full and partial month between the pension effective date and the date the member will attain age 60. There is no mandatory retirement age.

Depending on the member's date of hire, MPSERS offers the option of participating in the defined contribution (DC) plan that provides a 50 percent employer match (up to 3 percent of salary) on employee contributions.

Members are eligible for nonduty disability benefits after 10 years of service and for duty-related disability benefits upon hire. Disability retirement benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately without an actuarial reduction. The disability benefits plus authorized outside earnings are limited to 100 percent of the participant's final average compensation, with an increase of 2 percent each year thereafter.

Benefits may transfer to a beneficiary upon death and are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but with an actuarial reduction.

Benefit terms provide for annual cost of living adjustments to each employee's retirement allowance subsequent to the employee's retirement date. The annual adjustment, if applicable, is 3 percent. Some members who do not receive an annual increase are eligible to receive a supplementary payment in those years when investment earnings exceed actuarial assumptions.

MPSERS provides medical, prescription drug, dental, and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by MPSERS, with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree health care recipient. Depending on the member's date of hire, this subsidized portion ranges from 80 percent to the maximum allowed by the statute.

Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Contributions

Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, required the School District to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of pension benefits of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by state statute and may be amended only by action of the state Legislature. Under these provisions, each school district's contribution is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance a portion of the unfunded accrued liability.

Under the OPEB plan, retirees electing this coverage contribute an amount equivalent to the monthly cost for Part B Medicare and 10 percent, or 20 percent for those not Medicare eligible, of the monthly premium amount for the health, dental, and vision coverage at the time of receiving the benefits. The MPSERS board of trustees annually sets the employer contribution rate to fund the benefits. Participating employers are required to contribute at that rate.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3 percent contribution to retiree health care and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above or choosing not to pay the 3 percent contribution and, instead, opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming participants in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay health care expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2 percent employee contribution into their 457 accounts as of their transition date, earning them a 2 percent employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stopped paying the 3 percent contribution to retiree health care as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions were deposited into their 401(k) accounts.

The School District's contributions are determined based on employee elections. There are multiple different pension and health care benefit options included in the plan available to employees based on date of hire and the elections available at that time. Contribution rates are adjusted annually by the ORS.

The ranges of rates are as follows:

	Pension	OPEB
October 1, 2022 - September 30, 2023	13.75% - 20.16%	7.21% - 8.07%
October 1, 2023 - September 30, 2024	13.90% - 23.03%	7.06% - 8.31%

Depending on the plan selected, member pension contributions range from 0 percent up to 7.0 percent of gross wages. For certain plan members, a 4 percent employer contribution to the defined contribution pension plan is required. In addition, for certain plan members, a 3 percent employer match is provided to the defined contribution pension plan.

The School District's required and actual pension contributions to the plan for the year ended June 30, 2024 were \$41,315,647, which includes the School District's contributions required for those members with a defined contribution benefit. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the School District's required and actual pensions contributions include an allocation of \$18,713,042 in revenue received from the State of Michigan and remitted to the System to fund the MPSERS unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) stabilization rate.

The School District's required and actual OPEB contributions to the plan for the year ended June 30, 2024 were \$8,611,759, which includes the School District's contributions required for those members with a defined contribution benefit.

Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

At June 30, 2024, the School District reported a liability of \$307,864,304 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2022, which used update procedures to roll forward the estimated liability to September 30, 2023. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined. At September 30, 2023 and 2022, the School District's proportion was 0.95 and 0.97 percent, respectively, representing a change of (0.02) percent.

Net OPEB Asset

At June 30, 2024, the School District reported an asset of \$5,399,789 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset for fiscal year 2024 was measured as of September 30, 2023, and the total OPEB asset used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2022, which used update procedures to roll forward the estimated asset to September 30, 2023. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined. At September 30, 2023 and 2022, the School District's proportion was 0.95 and 0.95 percent, respectively, representing a change of 0.65 percent.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For 2024, the School District recognized pension expense of \$34,927,818, inclusive of payments to fund the MPSERS UAAL stabilization rate. At June 30, 2024, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	9,718,337	\$	(471,599)
Changes in assumptions		41,717,014		(24,053,082)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		(6,299,900)
Changes in proportion and differences between the School District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,359,172		(14,240,944)
The School District's contributions to the plan subsequent to the measurement date		35,431,759	_	-
Total	\$	88,226,282	\$	(45,065,525)

The \$18,713,042 reported as deferred inflows of resources resulting from the pension portion of state aid payments received pursuant to the UAAL payment will be recognized as state appropriations revenue for the year ending June 30, 2025. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years Ending	Amount	
2025 2026 2027 2028	\$	2,633,101 (72,855) 10,394,550 (5,225,798)
Total	\$	7,728,998

Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

In addition, the contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be included as a reduction of the net pension liability in the next year.

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the School District recognized OPEB recovery of \$9,672,720.

At June 30, 2024, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	_	\$	(40,803,580)
Changes in assumptions		12,020,873		(1,447,540)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan				· ·
investments		16,464		-
Changes in proportionate share or difference between amount				
contributed and proportionate share of contributions		1,516,345		(3,911,850)
Employer contributions to the plan subsequent to the measurement date	·	6,077,737	_	<u> </u>
Total	\$	19,631,419	\$	(46,162,970)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows (note that employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will reduce the net OPEB asset and, therefore, will not be included in future OPEB expense):

Years Ending	 Amount	
2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 Thereafter	\$ (10,147,474) (9,786,192) (4,158,703) (4,268,572) (2,876,163) (1,372,184)	
Total	\$ (32,609,288)	

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability and total OPEB asset as of September 30, 2023 are based on the results of an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2022 and rolled forward. The total pension liability and OPEB asset were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial cost method Investment rate of return - Pension	6.00%	Entry age normal Net of investment expenses based on the groups
Investment rate of return - OPEB	6.00%	Net of investment expenses based on the groups
Salary increases Health care cost trend rate - OPEB	2.75% - 11.55% 6.25%-7.50%	Including wage inflation of 2.75 percent Year 1 - graded to 3.5% in year 15
Mortality basis		PubT-2010 Male and Female Employee Mortality Tables, scaled 100 percent (retirees: 116
		percent for males and 116 percent for females) and adjusted for mortality improvements using
Ocat of living a consist of disease and	2.00%	projection scale MP-2021 from 2010
Cost of living pension adjustments	3.00%	Annual noncompounded for MIP members

June 30, 2024

Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the periods from 2017 through 2022 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension and OPEB valuations beginning with the September 30, 2023 valuation.

Significant assumption changes since the prior measurement date, September 30, 2022, for the OPEB plans include a decrease in the health care cost trend rate of 0.25 percent for members under 65 and an increase of 1.0 percent for members over 65. There were no significant benefit terms changes for the pension or OPEB plans since the prior measurement date of September 30, 2022.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension and OPEB asset was 6.00 percent as of September 30, 2023. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that district contributions will be made at statutorily required rates.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position and the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan and OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability and total OPEB asset.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan and OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity pools	25.00 %	5.80 %
Private equity pools	16.00	9.60
International equity pools	15.00	6.80
Fixed-income pools	13.00	1.30
Real estate and infrastructure pools	10.00	6.40
Absolute return pools	9.00	4.80
Real return/opportunistic pools	10.00	7.30
Short-term investment pools	2.00	0.30
Total	100.00 %	

Long-term rates of return are net of administrative expense and inflation of 2.7 percent.

June 30, 2024

Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the School District, calculated using the discount rate depending on the plan option. The following also reflects what the School District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1 Percentage Point Decrease (5.00%)	Current Discount Rate (6.00%)	1 Percentage Point Increase (7.00%)
Net pension liability of the School District	\$ 415,923,773	\$ 307,864,304	\$ 217,900,889

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB asset of the School District, calculated using the current discount rate. It also reflects what the School District's net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1	Percentage		Current	1	Percentage
	Po	int Decrease (5.00%)	Di	iscount Rate (6.00%)	Po	oint Increase (7.00%)
		(3.00 /8)	_	(0.0078)		(7.0070)
Net OPEB liability (asset) of the School District	\$	5,597,961	\$	(5,399,789)	\$	(14,851,275)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the net OPEB asset of the School District, calculated using the current health care cost trend rate. It also reflects what the School District's net OPEB (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1 Percentage Point Decrease	Current Rate	1 Percentage Point Increase
Net OPEB (asset) liability of the School District	\$ (14,874,841) \$ (5,399,789)	\$ 4,855,323

Pension Plan and OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MPSERS financial report.

Payable to the Pension Plan and OPEB Plan

At June 30, 2024, the School District reported a payable of \$5,943,714 and \$923,295 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan and OPEB plan, respectively, required for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Note 11 - Tax Abatements

The School District receives reduced property tax revenue as a result of industrial facilities tax exemptions (PA 198 of 1974) granted by cities, villages, and townships within the boundaries of the School District. Industrial facility exemptions are intended to promote construction of new industrial facilities or to rehabilitate historical facilities.

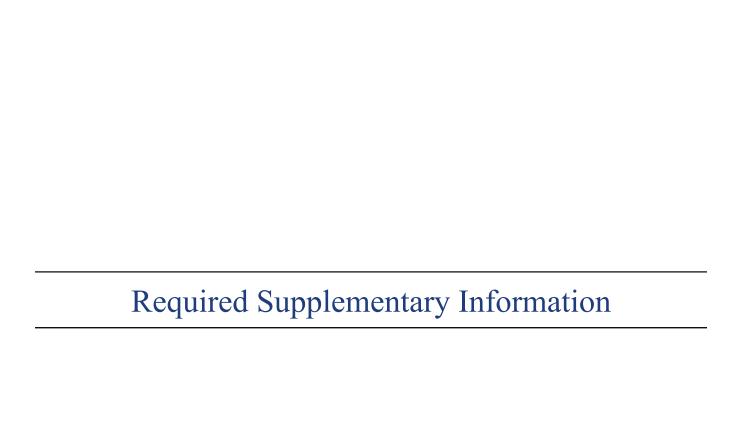
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the School District's property tax revenue was reduced by \$45,512 under this program.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

Note 11 - Tax Abatements (Continued)

The School District is reimbursed for lost revenue caused by tax abatements on the operating millage of nonhomestead properties from the State of Michigan under the school aid formula. The School District received approximately \$19,992 in reimbursements from the State of Michigan. The School District is not reimbursed for lost revenue from the debt service millages. There are no abatements made by the School District.



Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Final Budget
Revenue				
Local sources	\$ 20,715,813			
State sources	165,234,478	173,437,364	172,982,076	(455,288)
Federal sources	7,312,791	8,472,242	7,494,467	(977,775)
Interdistrict	11,754,547	11,088,710	11,156,094	67,384
Total revenue	205,017,629	214,058,766	212,888,808	(1,169,958)
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:	04.000.044	00 500 440	00 070 055	450 507
Basic programs	94,363,911	93,523,418	93,973,955	450,537
Added needs	31,986,160	33,612,654	32,708,644	(904,010)
Adult/Continuing education Support services:	120,101	150,159	108,074	(42,085)
Pupil	19,823,346	20,797,754	20,583,122	(214,632)
Instructional staff	8,862,164	9,183,344	8,264,505	(918,839)
General administration	1,070,847	1,297,260	1,164,612	(132,648)
School administration	11,976,221	12,169,675	12,296,810	127,135
Business	2,713,224	2,612,544	2,584,433	(28,111)
Operations and maintenance	15,253,352	17,904,267	17,308,572	(595,695)
Pupil transportation services	6,048,064	7,042,557	6,351,716	(690,841)
Central	5,093,672	5,515,638	5,226,897	(288,741)
Other	2,529,112	2,611,576	2,731,759	120,183
Community services	972,427	1,052,111	856,919	(195,192)
Total expenditures	200,812,601	207,472,957	204,160,018	(3,312,939)
Excess of Revenue Over Expenditures	4,205,028	6,585,809	8,728,790	2,142,981
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	1,559,129	1,761,026	1,770,142	9,116
Transfers out	(3,145,540)		(6,427,909)	
Other expenditures		(15,000)	(15,000)	
Total other financing uses	(1,586,411)	(4,131,768)	(4,672,767)	(540,999)
Net Change in Fund Balance	2,618,617	2,454,041	4,056,023	1,601,982
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	36,810,366	36,810,366	36,810,366	
Fund Balance - End of year	\$ 39,428,983	\$ 39,264,407	\$ 40,866,389	\$ 1,601,982

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Cooperative Activities Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Original Budget	<u>_</u> F	inal Budget		Actual	over (Under) inal Budget
Revenue Local sources Interdistrict	\$ 369,000 3,254,419	\$	650,000 3,614,246	\$	889,737 3,613,731	\$ 239,737 (515 <u>)</u>
Total revenue	3,623,419		4,264,246		4,503,468	239,222
Expenditures Current:						
Instruction	3,357,700		4,222,600		1,535,673	(2,686,927)
Support services International Academy	789,783 3,133,786		429,200 3,313,654		438,800 3,321,601	9,600 7,947
·	 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · ·			
Total expenditures	7,281,269		7,965,454		5,296,074	 (2,669,380)
Excess of Revenue (Under) Over Expenditures	(3,657,850)		(3,701,208)		(792,606)	2,908,602
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	1,130,540		1,877,794		2,427,909	550,115
Transfers out	(1,043,162)		(1,107,316)	_	(1,116,432)	 (9,116)
Total other financing sources	 87,378		770,478		1,311,477	 540,999
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,570,472)		(2,930,730)		518,871	3,449,601
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	20,055,944		20,055,944		20,055,944	
Fund Balance - End of year	\$ 16,485,472	\$	17,125,214	\$	20,574,815	\$ 3,449,601

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

Last Ten Plan Years Plan Years Ended September 30

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
School District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.95119 %	0.97282 %	1.02383 %	1.01342 %	1.00261 %	0.99316 %	0.99438 %	0.98027 %	0.99317 %	0.96771 %
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 307,864,304	\$ 365,865,244	\$ 242,396,693	\$ 348,121,914	\$ 332,029,236	\$ 298,562,931	\$ 257,686,252	\$ 244,568,269	\$ 242,581,555	\$ 213,151,629
School District's covered payroll	\$ 94,562,241	\$ 91,465,276	\$ 92,969,747	\$ 89,403,576	\$ 88,448,866	\$ 84,056,325	\$ 83,996,191	\$ 84,418,371	\$ 84,653,222	\$ 86,058,137
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	325.57 %	400.00 %	260.73 %	389.38 %	375.39 %	355.19 %	306.78 %	289.71 %	286.56 %	247.68 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	65.91 %	60.77 %	72.32 %	59.49 %	60.08 %	62.12 %	63.96 %	63.01 %	62.92 %	66.20 %

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

Last Seven Plan Years Plan Years Ended September 30

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
School District's proportion of the net OPEB (asset) liability	0.95453 %	0.94835 %	1.03602 %	1.01212 %	1.01392 %	0.98867 %	0.99333 %
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) liability	\$ (5,399,789)	\$ 20,086,711	\$ 15,813,557	\$ 54,221,916	\$ 72,776,529	\$ 78,588,796	\$ 87,963,785
School District's covered payroll	\$ 94,562,241	\$ 91,465,276	\$ 92,969,747	\$ 89,403,576	\$ 88,448,866	\$ 84,056,325	\$ 83,996,191
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	(5.71)%	21.96 %	17.01 %	60.65 %	82.28 %	93.50 %	104.72 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB (asset) liability	105.04 %	83.09 %	88.87 %	59.76 %	48.67 %	43.10 %	36.53 %

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Pension Contributions Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

																st Ten Fi ears Ende	
	2024	_	2023	_	2022	_	2021	_	2020	_	2019	_	2018		2017	2016	2015
Statutorily required contribution Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	40,321,793 40,321,793	\$	44,276,091 44,276,091	\$	33,633,027 33,633,027	\$	31,245,971 31,245,971	\$	28,053,141 28,053,141	\$	26,686,572 26,686,572	\$	25,438,468 25,438,468	·	23,691,561	\$ 23,205,511	\$ 18,136,572 18,136,572
Contribution Excess (Deficiency)	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	-	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$ -	\$
School District's Covered Payroll	\$ 97,958,888	\$	93,444,878	\$	90,948,982	\$	92,967,888	\$	89,224,121	\$	87,580,874	\$	83,860,548	\$	85,661,493	\$ 84,189,404	\$ 86,964,485
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	41.16 %		47.38 %		36.98 %		33.61 %		31.44 %		30.47 %		30.33 %		27.66 %	27.56 %	20.86 %

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of OPEB Contributions Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

Last Seven Fiscal Years Years Ended June 30

		2024	_	2023	_	2022	_	2021	_	2020	_	2019	_	2018
Statutorily required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$	8,047,739	\$	7,521,565	\$	7,411,614	\$	7,736,555	\$	7,169,693	\$	6,879,500	\$	6,106,190
statutorily required contribution	_	8,047,739	_	7,521,565	_	7,411,614	_	7,736,555	_	7,169,693	_	6,879,500	_	6,106,190
Contribution Excess (Deficiency)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	
School District's Covered Payroll	\$	97,958,888	\$	93,444,878	\$	90,948,982	\$	92,967,888	\$	89,224,121	\$	87,580,874	\$	83,860,548
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		8.22 %		8.05 %		8.15 %		8.32 %		8.04 %		7.86 %		7.28 %

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2024

Pension Information

Benefit Changes

There were no changes of benefit terms for each of the reported plan years ended September 30.

Changes in Assumptions

There were no significant changes of assumptions for each of the reported plan years ended September 30 except for the following:

- 2023 The valuation includes the impact of an updated experience study for periods from 2017 to 2022.
- 2022 The discount rate and investment rate of return used in the September 30, 2021 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.80 percentage points.
- 2019 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.25 percentage points.
- 2018 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.45 percentage points. The valuation also includes the impact of an updated experience study for the periods from 2012 to 2017.
- 2017 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2016 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.50 percentage points.

OPEB Information

Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented in both of the OPEB-related schedules. The number of years currently presented represents the number of years since the accounting standard requiring these schedules first became applicable.

Benefit Changes

There were no changes of benefit terms for each of the reported plan years ended September 30.

Changes in Assumptions

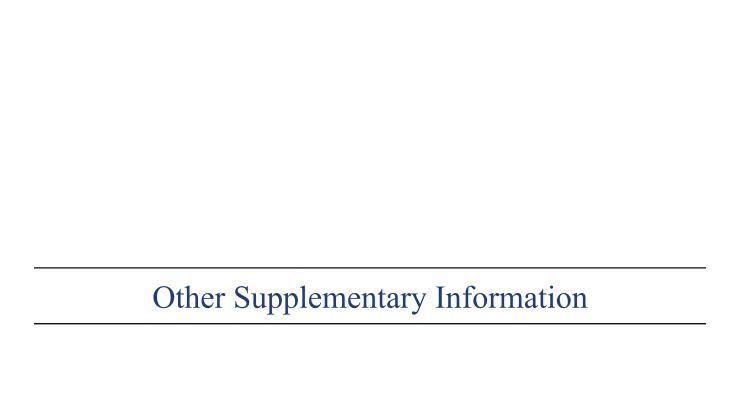
There were no significant changes of assumptions for each of the reported plan years ended September 30 except for the following:

- 2023 The health care cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2023 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.25 percentage points for members under 65 and increased by 1.00 percentage points for members over 65. In addition, actual per person health benefit costs were lower than projected. The valuation includes the impact of an updated experience study for periods from 2017 to 2022.
- 2022 The discount rate and investment rate of return used in the September 30, 2021 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.95 percentage points. This resulted in lower than projected per person health benefit costs to reduce the plan's total OPEB liability by an additional \$1.1 billion in 2022.
- 2021 The health care cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2020 actuarial valuation increased by 0.75 percentage points for members under 65 and decreased by 1.75 percentage points for members over 65. In addition, actual per person health benefit costs were lower than projected. This reduced the plan's total OPEB liability by \$1.3 billion in 2021.
- 2020 The health care cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2019 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.50 percentage points. This, in addition to actual per person health benefit costs being lower than projected, reduced the plan's total OPEB liability by an additional \$1.8 billion in 2020.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2024

- 2019 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.20 percentage
 points. The valuation also includes the impact of an updated experience study for the periods from 2012 to
 2017. This resulted in a lower than projected per person health benefit cost to reduce the plan's total OPEB
 liability by an additional \$1.4 billion in 2019.
- 2018 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.35 percentage
 points. The valuation also includes the impact of an updated experience study for the periods from 2012 to
 2017. This resulted in a lower than projected per person health benefit cost to reduce the plan's total OPEB
 liability by \$1.4 billion in 2018.



	Spec	cial Revenue F	unds			Debt Serv	/ice	Funds		
	Cafeteria	District Child Care	Student/ School Activities		2015 Refunding Series A	2016 Refunding Series A		2016 Refunding Series B	2	018 Debt
Assets Cash and investments Due from other funds Inventory Restricted assets	\$ 3,989,781 455,522 100,716	\$ 1,247,618 - - -	\$ 2,809,268 107,033 - -	\$	- - - 602,067	\$ - - 304,643	\$	- - - 265,368	\$	- - - 226,095
Total assets	\$ 4,546,019	\$ 1,247,618	\$ 2,916,301	\$	602,067	\$ 304,643	\$	265,368	\$	226,095
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$ 64 - 125,677	319,364	\$ - 532,931 -	\$	- - -	\$ - - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -
Total liabilities	125,741	319,364	532,931		-	-		-		-
Fund Balances Nonspendable - Inventory Restricted:	100,716	-	-		-	-		-		-
Debt service Capital projects Food service	- - 4,319,562	- - -	- - -		602,067	304,643 - -		265,368 - -		226,095 - -
Committed: Student/School activities Child care activities	- -	- 928,254	2,383,370		- -	- -		- -		- -
Total fund balances	4,420,278	928,254	2,383,370	_	602,067	304,643		265,368		226,095
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 4,546,019	\$ 1,247,618	\$ 2,916,301	\$	602,067	\$ 304,643	\$	265,368	\$	226,095

Other Supplementary Information Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds

June 30, 2024

		Debt Serv	/ice	Funds				Ca						
R	2019 Refunding	020 Debt Refunding	R	2021 efunding)23 B&S & Refunding	E	2005 Building and Site		Manthey Capital Projects		2018 uilding and Site - Series 1		Total
\$	- - - 174,295	\$ - - - 393,169	\$	- - - 34,392	\$	- - - 122,919	\$	- - - 3,150,355	\$	383,670 - -	\$ _1	- - - 1,783,887		8,046,667 946,225 100,716 7,057,190
\$	174,295	\$ 393,169	\$	34,392	\$	122,919	\$	3,150,355	\$	383,670	\$1	1,783,887	\$2	6,150,798
\$	- - -	\$ - - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	64 852,295 125,677 978,036
	- 174,295 - -	- 393,169 - -		- 34,392 - -		- 122,919 - -		- 3,150,355 -		- - 383,670 -	1	- - 1,783,887 -	1	100,716 2,122,948 5,317,912 4,319,562
	- - 174,295	- - 393,169		- - 34,392	_	- - 122,919	_	- - 3,150,355	_	- - 383,670	1	- - 1,783,887	_	2,383,370 928,254 5,172,762
\$	174,295	\$ 393,169	\$	34,392	\$	122,919	\$	3,150,355	\$	383,670	\$1	1,783,887	\$2	6,150,798

	Spe	cial Revenue Fu	ınds		D	ds	
	Cafeteria	District Child Care	Student/ School Activities	2015 Refunding Series A	2016 Refunding Series A	2016 Refunding Series B	2018 Debt
Revenue							
Local sources State sources	\$ 692,289 3,143,779	\$ 1,544,042	\$ 5,509,435	\$ 11,162,584 107,690	\$ 5,703,330 54,491	\$ 4,935,111 47,466	\$ 4,269,111 40,441
Federal sources	5,277,690	-	-	107,090	-	-	-
Total revenue	9,113,758	1,544,042	5,509,435	11,270,274	5,757,821	4,982,577	4,309,552
Expenditures							
Current:							
Support services	-	33,034	5,487,778	2,157	241	1,231	1,122
Food services	7,695,052	160 464	-	-	-	-	-
Community services District child care	-	162,461 1,178,061	_	_	_		
Debt service:		1,170,001					
Principal	-	-	-	9,480,000	3,540,000	4,265,000	1,350,000
Interest	-	-	-	2,004,903	2,292,219	916,258	3,017,397
Other debt costs	-	-	-	32,441	17,513	14,299	12,182
Capital outlay	377,784						
Total expenditures	8,072,836	1,373,556	5,487,778	11,519,501	5,849,973	5,196,788	4,380,701
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	1,040,922	170,486	21,657	(249,227)	(92,152)	(214,211)	(71,149)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Face value of debt issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Premium on debt issued School Bond Loan Revolving Fund	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
proceeds	_	_	_	442,434	223,869	195,008	166,147
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment to bond refunding escrow agent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	(400,000)	(253,710)					
Total other financing (uses)							
sources	(400,000)	(253,710)		442,434	223,869	195,008	166,147
Net Change in Fund Balances	640,922	(83,224)	21,657	193,207	131,717	(19,203)	94,998
Fund Balances - Beginning of year, as previously reported	3,779,356	1,011,478	2,361,713	408,860	172,926	284,571	131,097
Change within Financial Reporting Entity (Note 2)				· -			
Fund Balances - Beginning of year, as adjusted or restated	3,779,356	1,011,478	2,361,713	408,860	172,926	284,571	131,097
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 4,420,278	\$ 928,254	\$ 2,383,370	\$ 602,067	\$ 304,643	\$ 265,368	\$ 226,095
a.a							

Other Supplementary Information Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Debt Servi	unds			C									
	2019 Refunding			2021 2023 B&S & Refunding Refunding			2005 Building and Site			Manthey Capital Projects	2018 Building and Site - Series 1			Total	
\$	3,369,223 31,176 -	\$	7,861,486 70,325 -	\$	699,613 6,152 -	\$	2,456,325 21,986 -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	488,289 380,741 1,393,000	\$	48,690,838 3,904,247 6,670,690
	3,400,399		7,931,811		705,765		2,478,311		-		-		2,262,030		59,265,775
	778 - - -		1,416 - - -		444 - - -		202,737 - - -		- - - -		-		- - - -		5,730,938 7,695,052 162,461 1,178,061
	1,000,000 2,415,526 9,392		6,070,000 1,831,081 21,691		717,367 1,853		1,000,000 1,439,297 - -		- - - -		- - - -		- - - 4,621,003		26,705,000 14,634,048 109,371 4,998,787
	3,425,696		7,924,188		719,664		2,642,034		-		-		4,621,003		61,213,718
	(25,297)		7,623		(13,899)		(163,723)		-		-		(2,358,973)		(1,947,943)
	-		-		- -		17,400,000 1,446,311		-		-		- -		17,400,000 1,446,311
	128,081 - - -		288,924 - - - -		25,273 - - -		90,328 - (18,649,997) -	_	- - - -	_	- - - -		4,000,000	_	1,560,064 4,000,000 (18,649,997) (653,710)
	128,081		288,924		25,273		286,642		_		_		4,000,000		5,102,668
_	102,784		296,547		11,374		122,919		-		-		1,641,027		3,154,725
	71,511		96,622		23,018		-		3,150,355		383,670		-		11,875,177
_		_	-	_	-	_	-	_		_	-	_	10,142,860	_	10,142,860
	71,511	_	96,622	_	23,018	_		_	3,150,355	_	383,670	_	10,142,860	_	22,018,037
\$	174,295	\$	393,169	\$	34,392	\$	122,919	\$	3,150,355	\$	383,670	\$	11,783,887	\$	25,172,762

Other Supplementary Information Combining Balance Sheet Cooperative Activities Fund

June 30, 2024

	 ernational Academy	Student Intervention Program	Total
Assets Cash and investments Prepaid expenses and other assets	\$ 566,977 -	\$ 19,887,093 120,745	\$ 20,454,070 120,745
Total assets	\$ 566,977	\$ 20,007,838	\$ 20,574,815
Liabilities	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Fund Balances Nonspendable Restricted Committed	 - 566,977 -	 120,745 - 19,887,093	120,745 566,977 19,887,093
Total fund balances	566,977	 20,007,838	 20,574,815
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 566,977	\$ 20,007,838	\$ 20,574,815

Other Supplementary Information Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Cooperative Activities Fund

Year	Ended	June	30.	2024
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		ternational Academy	lr	Student ntervention Program	Total
Revenue			_		
Local sources Interdistrict	\$	3,613,731	\$	889,737 \$ -	889,737 3,613,731
Total revenue		3,613,731		889,737	4,503,468
Expenditures Current: Instruction:					
Basic programs Added needs		140,996 -		- 1,263,767	140,996 1,263,767
Support services - Pupil International Academy Capital outlay		433,533 3,321,601 136,177		- - -	433,533 3,321,601 136,177
Total expenditures		4,032,307		1,263,767	5,296,074
Excess of Expenditures Over Revenue		(418,576)		(374,030)	(792,606)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers out		1,177,909 (1,116,432)		1,250,000	2,427,909 (1,116,432)
Total other financing sources		61,477		1,250,000	1,311,477
Net Change in Fund Balances		(357,099)		875,970	518,871
Fund Balances - Beginning of year		924,076		19,131,868	20,055,944
Fund Balances - End of year	<u>\$</u>	566,977	\$	20,007,838 \$	20,574,815

Other Supplementary Information Schedule of Bonded Indebtedness

June 30, 2024

	20	015 Refunding Series A	20	16 Refunding Series A	20	016 Refunding Series B		2018 Building and Site - Series 1	2	2019 Refunding		2020 Debt Refunding		2021 Refunding		2023 B&S & Refunding		
Years Ending June 30	_	Principal		Principal		Principal		Principal	_	Principal	_	Principal	_	Principal		Principal		Total
2025	\$	9,555,000	\$	3,485,000	\$	4,255,000	\$	1,450,000	\$	2,000,000	\$	3,905,000	\$	-	\$	3,915,000	\$	28,565,000
2026		9,730,000		3,505,000		4,245,000		1,550,000		2,900,000		5,790,000		-		2,070,000		29,790,000
2027		3,975,000		3,530,000		1,660,000		1,700,000		14,425,000		4,470,000		-		3,365,000		33,125,000
2028		-		3,550,000		-		1,950,000		20,800,000		2,895,000		-		4,965,000		34,160,000
2029		-		3,565,000		-		2,100,000		21,600,000		6,915,000		-		1,075,000		35,255,000
2030		-		3,585,000		-		2,250,000		22,450,000		5,245,000		-		2,680,000		36,210,000
2031		-		3,605,000		-		2,400,000		6,000,000		11,980,000		10,500,000		1,110,000		35,595,000
2032		-		3,625,000		-		2,550,000		6,250,000		12,270,000		10,660,000		1,130,000		36,485,000
2033		-		3,640,000		-		2,700,000		-		19,100,000		10,855,000		1,150,000		37,445,000
2034		-		3,655,000		-		2,850,000		-		14,655,000		-		5,835,000		26,995,000
2035		-		3,675,000		-		3,100,000		-		-		-		1,215,000		7,990,000
2036		-		-		-		3,325,000		-		-		-		1,225,000		4,550,000
2037		-		-		-		3,475,000		-		-		-		1,290,000		4,765,000
2038		-		-		-		3,650,000		-		-		-		1,355,000		5,005,000
2039		-		-		-		3,800,000		-		-		-		1,420,000		5,220,000
2040		-		-		-		3,975,000		-		-		-		1,490,000		5,465,000
2041		-		-		-		4,125,000		-		-		-		1,565,000		5,690,000
2042		-		-		-		4,300,000		-		-		-		1,640,000		5,940,000
2043		-		-		-		4,425,000		-		-		-		1,660,000		6,085,000
Total remaining	¢	22 260 000	¢	20 420 000	•	10 160 000	¢	EE 67E 000	•	06 425 000	•	97 225 000	¢	22.045.000	¢	40 455 000	¢	294 225 000
payments	Þ	23,260,000	<u> </u>	39,420,000	=	10,160,000	<u></u>	55,675,000	<u></u>	96,425,000	<u></u>	87,225,000	P	32,015,000	Þ	40,155,000	Þ	384,335,000
Principal payments due		May 1		May 1		May 1		May 1		May 1		May 1		May 1		May 1		
Interest rate	3.	13% to 5.00%	2.	75% to 5.00%		5.00%		5.00%	1	1.92% to 2.59%	0	.64% to 2.08%	2	2.06% to 2.26%		5.00%		
Original issue	\$	38,170,000	\$	63,915,000	\$	45,295,000	\$	61,875,000	\$	97,425,000	\$	115,880,000	\$	32,015,000	\$	41,155,000		

Interest payments for the bond issues are due on May 1 and November 1 of each year.